

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous

Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

Revision Date: 06/16/2022 Date of Issue: 10/20/2015 Supersedes Date: 06/18/2019 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form: Mixture
Product Name: B-Spec IPA

SDS No.: 820231 Product Code: None Synonyms: None

1.2. Intended Use of the Product

No additional information available

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Manufacturer

Safety-Kleen Systems, Inc. 42 Longwater Drive Norwell, MA 02061-9149 1-800-669-5740

www.safety-kleen.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : 1-800-468-1760

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS-US/CA Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Carc. 2 H351 Repr. 2 H361 STOT SE 3 H336

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see section 16

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US/CA Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US/CA)







Signal Word (GHS-US/CA) : Danger

Hazard Statements (GHS-US/CA) : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

H361 - Suspected of damaging the unborn child. **Precautionary Statements (GHS-US/CA)**: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges. P261 - Avoid breathing vapors, mist, or spray.

P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.

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P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.

P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water .

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use appropriate media (see section 5) to extinguish.

P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

2.3. Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US/CA)

No additional information available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Synonyms	Product Identifier	% *	GHS Ingredient Classification
Isopropyl alcohol	2-Hydroxypropane / 2-Propyl	(CAS-No.) 67-63-0	80 – 90	Flam. Liq. 2, H225
	alcohol / 2-Propanol /			Eye Irrit. 2, H319
	Isopropanol / Propan-2-ol			STOT SE 3, H336
Chloroform	Methane, trichloro- /	(CAS-No.) 67-66-3	< 1	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302
	Trichloromethane			Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation), H331
				Skin Irrit. 2, H315
				Eye Irrit. 2, H319
				Carc. 2, H351
				Repr. 2, H361
				STOT SE 3, H336
				STOT RE 1, H372

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

Skin Contact: Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Immediately drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Eye Contact: Immediately rinse with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

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^{*}Percentages are listed in weight by weight percentage (w/w%) for liquid and solid ingredients. Gas ingredients are listed in volume by volume percentage (v/v%).

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4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Inhalation: High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression such as dizziness, vomiting, numbness, drowsiness, headache, and similar narcotic symptoms.

Skin Contact: Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis and defatting.

Eye Contact: Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.

Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Suspected of causing cancer.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO₂). Water may be ineffective but water should be used to keep fire-exposed container cool.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. A heavy water stream may spread burning liquid.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Explosion Hazard: May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.

Reactivity: Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Chlorine oxides. Chlorine. Phosgene. Hydrogen chloride.

Other Information: Vapors are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to an ignition source and flash back to source of vapors. Can form explosive peroxides by prolonged contact with air. Alcohols burn with a pale blue flame that is difficult to see under normal lighting conditions.

5.4. Reference to Other Sections

Refer to Section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.1.2. For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Eliminate ignition sources first, then ventilate the area. Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Stop leak, if possible without risk. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Use only non-sparking tools. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

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6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Can form explosive peroxides by prolonged contact with air. Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do NOT breathe (dust, vapor, mist, gas). Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Take action to prevent static discharges. Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up/in a secure area. Keep in fireproof place.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Halogens. Peroxides. Combustible materials. Metals salts.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

No additional information available

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), or Canadian provincial governments.

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	200 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	400 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA ACGIH	BEI (BLV)	40 mg/l Parameter: Acetone - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek (background, nonspecific)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	980 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	400 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA)	980 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL TWA [ppm]	400 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL)	1225 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL STEL [ppm]	500 ppm
USA IDLH	IDLH [ppm]	2000 ppm (10% LEL)
Alberta	OEL STEL	984 mg/m³
Alberta	OEL STEL [ppm]	400 ppm
Alberta	OEL TWA	492 mg/m³
Alberta	OEL TWA [ppm]	200 ppm
British Columbia	OEL STEL [ppm]	400 ppm
British Columbia	OEL TWA [ppm]	200 ppm
Manitoba	OEL STEL [ppm]	400 ppm
Manitoba	OEL TWA [ppm]	200 ppm
New Brunswick	OEL STEL	1230 mg/m ³
New Brunswick	OEL STEL [ppm]	500 ppm
New Brunswick	OEL TWA	983 mg/m³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA [ppm]	400 ppm

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Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL STEL [ppm]	400 ppm
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA [ppm]	200 ppm
Nova Scotia	OEL STEL [ppm]	400 ppm
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA [ppm]	200 ppm
Nunavut	OEL STEL [ppm]	400 ppm
Nunavut	OEL TWA [ppm]	200 ppm
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL [ppm]	400 ppm
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA [ppm]	200 ppm
Ontario	OEL STEL [ppm]	400 ppm
Ontario	OEL TWA [ppm]	200 ppm
Prince Edward Island	OEL STEL [ppm]	400 ppm
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA [ppm]	200 ppm
Québec	VECD (OEL STEL)	1230 mg/m³
Québec	VECD (OEL STEL) [ppm]	500 ppm
Québec	VEMP (OEL TWA)	985 mg/m³
Québec	VEMP (OEL TWA) [ppm]	400 ppm
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL [ppm]	400 ppm
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA [ppm]	200 ppm
Yukon	OEL STEL	1225 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL STEL [ppm]	500 ppm
Yukon	OEL TWA	980 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL TWA [ppm]	400 ppm
Chloroform (67-66-3)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	10 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to
•	,	
	3 ,	Humans
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling)	
		Humans
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling)	Humans 240 mg/m³
USA OSHA USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) OSHA PEL C [ppm]	Humans 240 mg/m³ 50 ppm
USA OSHA USA OSHA USA NIOSH	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) OSHA PEL C [ppm] NIOSH REL (STEL)	Humans 240 mg/m³ 50 ppm 9.78 mg/m³ 2 ppm 500 ppm
USA OSHA USA OSHA USA NIOSH USA NIOSH	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) OSHA PEL C [ppm] NIOSH REL (STEL) NIOSH REL STEL [ppm]	Humans 240 mg/m³ 50 ppm 9.78 mg/m³ 2 ppm 500 ppm 49 mg/m³
USA OSHA USA OSHA USA NIOSH USA NIOSH USA IDLH	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) OSHA PEL C [ppm] NIOSH REL (STEL) NIOSH REL STEL [ppm] IDLH [ppm] OEL TWA OEL TWA [ppm]	Humans 240 mg/m³ 50 ppm 9.78 mg/m³ 2 ppm 500 ppm
USA OSHA USA OSHA USA NIOSH USA NIOSH USA IDLH Alberta Alberta British Columbia	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) OSHA PEL C [ppm] NIOSH REL (STEL) NIOSH REL STEL [ppm] IDLH [ppm] OEL TWA OEL TWA [ppm] OEL TWA [ppm]	Humans 240 mg/m³ 50 ppm 9.78 mg/m³ 2 ppm 500 ppm 49 mg/m³ 10 ppm 2 ppm
USA OSHA USA OSHA USA NIOSH USA NIOSH USA IDLH Alberta Alberta	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) OSHA PEL C [ppm] NIOSH REL (STEL) NIOSH REL STEL [ppm] IDLH [ppm] OEL TWA OEL TWA [ppm]	Humans 240 mg/m³ 50 ppm 9.78 mg/m³ 2 ppm 500 ppm 49 mg/m³ 10 ppm
USA OSHA USA OSHA USA NIOSH USA NIOSH USA IDLH Alberta Alberta British Columbia Manitoba New Brunswick	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) OSHA PEL C [ppm] NIOSH REL (STEL) NIOSH REL STEL [ppm] IDLH [ppm] OEL TWA OEL TWA [ppm] OEL TWA [ppm] OEL TWA [ppm] OEL TWA [ppm]	Humans 240 mg/m³ 50 ppm 9.78 mg/m³ 2 ppm 500 ppm 49 mg/m³ 10 ppm 2 ppm 10 ppm 49 mg/m³
USA OSHA USA OSHA USA NIOSH USA NIOSH USA IDLH Alberta Alberta British Columbia Manitoba New Brunswick New Brunswick	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) OSHA PEL C [ppm] NIOSH REL (STEL) NIOSH REL STEL [ppm] IDLH [ppm] OEL TWA OEL TWA [ppm]	Humans 240 mg/m³ 50 ppm 9.78 mg/m³ 2 ppm 500 ppm 49 mg/m³ 10 ppm 2 ppm 10 ppm 49 mg/m³ 10 ppm 49 mg/m³ 10 ppm
USA OSHA USA OSHA USA NIOSH USA NIOSH USA IDLH Alberta Alberta British Columbia Manitoba New Brunswick New Brunswick Newfoundland & Labrador	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) OSHA PEL C [ppm] NIOSH REL (STEL) NIOSH REL STEL [ppm] IDLH [ppm] OEL TWA OEL TWA [ppm]	Humans 240 mg/m³ 50 ppm 9.78 mg/m³ 2 ppm 500 ppm 49 mg/m³ 10 ppm 2 ppm 10 ppm 49 mg/m³ 10 ppm 10 ppm 49 mg/m³ 10 ppm
USA OSHA USA OSHA USA NIOSH USA NIOSH USA IDLH Alberta Alberta British Columbia Manitoba New Brunswick New Brunswick Newfoundland & Labrador Nova Scotia	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) OSHA PEL C [ppm] NIOSH REL (STEL) NIOSH REL STEL [ppm] IDLH [ppm] OEL TWA OEL TWA [ppm] OEL TWA [ppm] OEL TWA [ppm] OEL TWA [ppm] OEL TWA OEL TWA [ppm] OEL TWA OEL TWA [ppm] OEL TWA OEL TWA [ppm]	Humans 240 mg/m³ 50 ppm 9.78 mg/m³ 2 ppm 500 ppm 49 mg/m³ 10 ppm 2 ppm 10 ppm 49 mg/m³ 10 ppm 49 mg/m³ 10 ppm 49 mg/m³ 10 ppm
USA OSHA USA OSHA USA NIOSH USA NIOSH USA IDLH Alberta Alberta British Columbia Manitoba New Brunswick New Brunswick Newfoundland & Labrador Nova Scotia Ontario	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) OSHA PEL C [ppm] NIOSH REL (STEL) NIOSH REL STEL [ppm] IDLH [ppm] OEL TWA OEL TWA [ppm] OEL TWA [ppm] OEL TWA [ppm] OEL TWA [ppm] OEL TWA OEL TWA [ppm] OEL TWA OEL TWA OEL TWA OEL TWA [ppm] OEL TWA [ppm] OEL TWA [ppm] OEL TWA [ppm]	Humans 240 mg/m³ 50 ppm 9.78 mg/m³ 2 ppm 500 ppm 49 mg/m³ 10 ppm 2 ppm 10 ppm 49 mg/m³ 10 ppm 10 ppm 10 ppm 10 ppm 10 ppm
USA OSHA USA OSHA USA NIOSH USA NIOSH USA IDLH Alberta Alberta British Columbia Manitoba New Brunswick New Brunswick Newfoundland & Labrador Nova Scotia Ontario Prince Edward Island	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) OSHA PEL C [ppm] NIOSH REL (STEL) NIOSH REL STEL [ppm] IDLH [ppm] OEL TWA OEL TWA [ppm] OEL TWA [ppm] OEL TWA [ppm] OEL TWA [ppm] OEL TWA OEL TWA [ppm] OEL TWA OEL TWA [ppm]	Humans 240 mg/m³ 50 ppm 9.78 mg/m³ 2 ppm 500 ppm 49 mg/m³ 10 ppm 2 ppm 10 ppm 49 mg/m³ 10 ppm
USA OSHA USA OSHA USA NIOSH USA NIOSH USA IDLH Alberta Alberta British Columbia Manitoba New Brunswick New Brunswick Newfoundland & Labrador Nova Scotia Ontario Prince Edward Island Québec	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) OSHA PEL C [ppm] NIOSH REL (STEL) NIOSH REL STEL [ppm] IDLH [ppm] OEL TWA OEL TWA [ppm]	Humans 240 mg/m³ 50 ppm 9.78 mg/m³ 2 ppm 500 ppm 49 mg/m³ 10 ppm 2 ppm 10 ppm 49 mg/m³ 10 ppm 24.4 mg/m³
USA OSHA USA OSHA USA NIOSH USA NIOSH USA IDLH Alberta Alberta British Columbia Manitoba New Brunswick New Brunswick Newfoundland & Labrador Nova Scotia Ontario Prince Edward Island Québec Québec	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) OSHA PEL C [ppm] NIOSH REL (STEL) NIOSH REL STEL [ppm] IDLH [ppm] OEL TWA OEL TWA [ppm] VEMP (OEL TWA)	Humans 240 mg/m³ 50 ppm 9.78 mg/m³ 2 ppm 500 ppm 49 mg/m³ 10 ppm 2 ppm 10 ppm 49 mg/m³ 10 ppm 10 ppm
USA OSHA USA OSHA USA NIOSH USA NIOSH USA IDLH Alberta Alberta British Columbia Manitoba New Brunswick New Brunswick Newfoundland & Labrador Nova Scotia Ontario Prince Edward Island Québec	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) OSHA PEL C [ppm] NIOSH REL (STEL) NIOSH REL STEL [ppm] IDLH [ppm] OEL TWA OEL TWA [ppm]	Humans 240 mg/m³ 50 ppm 9.78 mg/m³ 2 ppm 500 ppm 49 mg/m³ 10 ppm 2 ppm 10 ppm 49 mg/m³ 10 ppm 24.4 mg/m³

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Use explosion-proof equipment. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

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Personal Protective Equipment: Gloves. Protective clothing. Safety glasses with side-shields. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.









Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: Wear protective gloves.

Eye and Face Protection: Safety glasses with side-shields. **Skin and Body Protection:** Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State : Liquid Appearance : Clear

Odor : No data available
Odor Threshold : No data available
pH : No data available
Evaporation Rate : 2.3 (butyl acetate = 1)
Melting Point : -90 °C (-130 °F)

Freezing Point No data available **Boiling Point** 82.5 °C (180.5 °F) **Flash Point** 12 °C (53.6 °F) **Auto-ignition Temperature** 399 °C (750.2 °F) **Decomposition Temperature** No data available Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable **Lower Flammable Limit** No data available **Upper Flammable Limit** No data available **Vapor Pressure** 42 hPa at 20 °C (68 °F)

Relative Vapor Density at 20°C : 2.07 (Air=1)

Relative Density : 0.785 at 22 °C (72 °F) (water =1)

Specific Gravity: No data availableSolubility: Water: Soluble

Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water : 0.05

Viscosity: No data availablePercent Volatile: No data available

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity:

Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.

10.2. Chemical Stability:

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to Avoid:

Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.

10.5. Incompatible Materials:

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Halogens. Peroxides. Combustible materials. Metals. Metal salts.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Thermal decomposition may produce: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Chlorine oxides. Chlorine. Phosgene. Hydrogen chloride.

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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Acute Toxicity (Oral): Not classified
Acute Toxicity (Dermal): Not classified
Acute Toxicity (Inhalation): Not classified

LD50 and LC50 Data:

No additional information available **Skin Corrosion/Irritation:** Not classified

Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye irritation. **Respiratory or Skin Sensitization:** Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified **Carcinogenicity:** Suspected of causing cancer.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified **Reproductive Toxicity:** Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression such as dizziness, vomiting,

numbness, drowsiness, headache, and similar narcotic symptoms.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Suspected of causing cancer.

11.2. Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data:

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)		
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	4059 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 10000 ppm (Exposure time: 6 h)	
Chloroform (67-66-3)		
LD50 Oral Rat	450 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 20 g/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	tion Rat 47702 mg/m³ (Exposure time: 4 h)	
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)		
IARC Group 3		
Chloroform (67-66-3)		
IARC Group	2B	
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen, Evidence of	
	Carcinogenicity.	
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.	

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General: Not classified.

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	
LC50 Fish 1	9640 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	13299 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 Fish 2	11130 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])
Chloroform (67-66-3)	
LC50 Fish 1	71 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	29 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 Fish 2	18 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [flow-through])

12.2. Persistence and Degradability

D Connecting	
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Persistence and Degradability	Not established.
12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential	
B-Spec IPA	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	0.05 (at 25 °C)
(Log Pow)	

Chloroform (67-66-3)

BCF Fish 1 1.4 - 13Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 2 (at 25 °C) (Log Pow)

12.4. **Mobility in Soil**

No additional information available

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods 13.1.

Waste Treatment Methods: Consult supplier for specific recommendations.

Sewage Disposal Recommendations: Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Waste Disposal Recommendations: To be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

Additional Information: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

Ecology - Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

14.1. In Accordance with DOT

Proper Shipping Name : ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL

Hazard Class : 3 **Identification Number** : UN1219 **Label Codes** : 3 **Packing Group** : 11 **ERG Number** : 129

In Accordance with IMDG 14.2.

Proper Shipping Name : ISOPROPANOL (ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL)

: 3L

Hazard Class : 3 **Identification Number** : UN1219 **Label Codes** : 3 : 11 **Packing Group**

EmS-No. (Fire) : F-E : S-D EmS-No. (Spillage)

14.3. In Accordance with IATA

ERG Code (IATA)

Proper Shipping Name : ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL

Hazard Class : 3 **Identification Number** : UN1219 **Label Codes** : 3 **Packing Group** : 11





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14.4. In Accordance with TDG

Proper Shipping Name : ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL

Hazard Class : 3 Identification Number : UN1219 Label Codes : 3

Packing Group : II



SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. US Federal Regulations

B-Spec IPA		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Health hazard - Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated	
	exposure)	
	Health hazard - Reproductive toxicity	
	Physical hazard - Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)	
	Health hazard - Serious eye damage or eye irritation	
	Health hazard - Carcinogenicity	
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act	t) inventory - Status: Active	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section	on 313	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1 % (only if manufactured by the strong acid process, no supplier	
	notification)	
Chloroform (67-66-3)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act	t) inventory - Status: Active	
Listed on the United States SARA Section 302		
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313		
CERCLA RQ	10 lb	
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	10000 lb	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %	

15.2. US State Regulations

California Proposition 65



WARNING: This product can expose you to Chloroform, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Chemical Name (CAS No.)	Carcinogenicity	Developmental	Female Reproductive	Male Reproductive
		Toxicity	Toxicity	Toxicity
Chloroform (67-66-3)	X	Х		

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List
- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List

Chloroform (67-66-3)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List
- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Special Hazardous Substances
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List

15.3. Canadian Regulations

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Chloroform (67-66-3)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Date of Preparation or Latest

: 06/16/2022

Revision

Indication of Changes

: Review of data. Language modified

Other Information : This document has been prepared

This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 and Canada's Hazardous Products

Regulations (HPR) SOR/2015-17.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 3
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity Category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids Category 2
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

NFPA Health Hazard

NFPA Fire Hazard

2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.

temporary meapacitation of residual injury.

3 - Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient

temperature conditions.

NFPA Reactivity Hazard : 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even

under fire conditions.

2 0

The information contained herein is correct to the best of our knowledge, information, and belief and is designed only as guidance for the handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal, and release of the product. User assumes all risks incident to use of this product and shall determine the quality and suitability of the product for its use. Supplier offers no warranty, express or implied, whatsoever, including warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, and specifically disclaims any and all liability for incidental, consequential, or other damages arising out the use or misuse of the product. The information provided relates only to the specific material provided and may not be valid if used in combination with any other materials or process, unless specified herein.

NA GHS SDS 2015 (Can. US)

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